ISSN 0973-3914

# RESEARCH Jowanal Of SOCIAL AND LIFE SCIENCES



PEER-REVIEWED RESEARCH JOURNAL UGC JOURNAL NO. (OLD) 40942 IMPACT FACTOR - 5.125 (IIFS)

Indexed & Listed at: Ulrich's International Periodicals Directory ProQuest, U.S.A. Title Id: 715205

**VOL-XXXVII** 

**ENGLISH EDITION** 

**YEAR-19** 

July- Dec. 2022

2022 www.researchjournal.in

# Research Journal of Social and Life Sciences

Peer-Reviewed Research Journal UGC Journal No. (Old) 40942, Impact Factor 5.125 (IIFS) Indexed & Listed at: Ulrich's Periodicals Directory ©, ProOuest

U.S.A. Title Id: 715205

Volume- 37

**English Edition** 

Year-19

July- Dec. 2022

# Honorary Editor Dr. Akhilesh Shukla

Honored with Prestigious Pt. G.B. Pant Award and Bhartendu Harishchand Award, Government of India Professor, Department of Sociology & Social Work Institute for Excellence in Higher Education Government T. R. S. College, Rewa (M.P.) akhileshtrscollege@gmail.com

# Dr. Sandhya Shukla

Professor and Head Department of Political Science Institute for Excellence in Higher Education Government T. R. S. College, Rewa (M.P.) drsandhyatrs@gmail.com

# Dr. Gayatri Shukla

Additional Director, Center for Research Studies shuklagayatri@gmail.com

# Dr. R. N. Sharma

Retired Professor, Rewa (M.P.) rnsharmanehru@gmail.com



# Journal of Center for Research Studies

Rewa (M.P.) India Registered under M.P. Society Registration Act, 1973 Reg.No. 1802, Year, 1997

www.researchjournal.in

# **Subject Experts/Advisory Board**

## 1. Dr. Pratibha J Mishra

Professor, Department of Social Work, Guru Ghasidas University, Bilaspur (C.G.) pjmldn@gmail.com

## 2. Dr. B. K. Sharma

Retired Professor, Department of Pathology, Bundelkhand Medical College, Sagar (Madhya Pradesh) bk drsharma@rediffmail.com

# 3. Dr. N. Sundaram

Professor, School of Social Sciences, VIT University, Vellore- 632014 (Tamilnadu) nsundaram@vit.ac.in

## 4. Dr. Chandrashekar, E.

Associate Professor, Department of Sociology (ACEEFO), Kuvempu University, Shankaraghatta-577451, District- Shimoga, Karnataka. chandrue22@yahoo.co.in

## 5. Dr. B.C.M. Patnaik

Associate Professor, School of Management, KIIT University, Bhubaneswar (Odisha) bcmpatnaik@gmail.com

# 6. Dr. Yogambar Singh Farswan

Department of History & Archeology, H. N. Bahuguna Garhwal University, Srinagar, Garhwal -246174 Uttarakhand farwanys@yahoo.co.in

# 7. Dr. Vijay Agarwal

Retired Professor, A.P.S. University, Rewa (M.P.) apsvka57@gmail.com

# 8. Dr. Urmila Sharma

Retired Professor, Government Girls P.G. College, Rewa (M.P.). urmilabks@gmail.com

# 9. Dr. P. Malyadri

Principal, Government College Patancheru, Hyderabad-502 319 (A.P) drpm16@gmail.com

## 10. Prof. Safigur Rahman

Assistant Professor, Department of Geography, Guwahati College Bamunimaidam, Guwahati-21. safiq.rahman@rediffmail.com

## 11. Dr. M. Razaullah Khan

M. Razaullah Khan, Associate Professor, Maulana Azad College Aurangabad.drrazaullahkhan@gmail.com

# 12. Padmegowda. A. T.

Assistant Professor, Dept. of Economics, Sahyadri Arts & Commerce College, Shimoga SHIMOGA- Karnataka. padmegowda1965@gmail.com

# 13. Dr. Umesh Shukla

Department of Zoology, Agra College, Agra (U.P.) drumeshshukla13@gmail.com

## 14. Dr. Minaxi Mansukhbhai Patel

Director of Physical Education, Shree Jasani Arts & Commerce College, Rajkot, Gujarat. minaxi.sports.598@gmail.com

# 15. Dr. A.P. Mishra

Retired Professor of Zoology, Rewa (M.P.) drakhandmishra@gmail.com

# 16. Dr. George Abraham

Department of Physical Education and Sports Sciences, Annamalai University, Tamil Nadu profgeabraham@gmail.com

# 17. Prof. A. P. Onkarappa

Associate Professor, Department of Political Science, Kuvempu University, Shankarghatta, Shimoga, Karnataka omkarshila26@gmail.com

# 18. Dr. O.P. Parmeswaran

Assistant Professor, Govt. College for Girls, Sector-11 CHANDIGARH-160011 (U.T.) parameswaranop@gmail.com

## 19. Dr. Monika Kannan

Head, P.G Department of Geography, Sophia Girls' College Ajmer, Rajasthan kannanmonika@gmail.com

## 20 Dr. Richa Mishra

Assistant Professor, Department of Oral Medicine and Radiology, School of Dental Sciences, Sharda University, Greater Noida doctorricha86@gmail.com, richa.mishra@sharda.ac.in

## 21 Shikha Tiwari

Head, Department of Paramedical, Unique College of Paramedical, Amarpatan, Satna (M.P.) shikhatiwari5135@gmail.com

# **Guide Lines**

- **General:** English and Hindi Editions of Research Journal are published separately. Hence Research Papers can be sent in Hindi or English.
- Manuscript of research paper: It must be original and typed in double space on the one side of paper (A-4) and have a sufficient margin. Script should be checked before submission as there is no provision of sending proof. It must include Abstract, Keywords, Introduction, Methods, Analysis Results and References. Hindi manuscripts must be in Devlys 010 or Kruti Dev 010 font, font size 14 and in double spacing. All the manuscripts should be in two copies and in Email also. Manuscripts should be in Microsoft word program. Authors are solely responsible for the factual accuracy of their contribution.
- References: References must be listed cited inside the paper and alphabetically in the order- Surname, Name, Year in bracket, Title, Name of book, Publisher, Place and Page number in the end of research paper as under- Shukla Akhilesh (2018) Criminology, Gayatri Publications, Rewa: Page 12.
- Review System: Every research paper will be reviewed by two members of peer review committee. The criteria used for acceptance of research papers are contemporary relevance, contribution to knowledge, clear and logical analysis, fairly good English or Hindi and sound methodology of research papers. The Editor reserves the right to reject any manuscript as unsuitable in topic, style or form without requesting external review.

# © Center for Research Studies

Single Copy Rs. 500

# Membership fee

Term	For Individual	For Institutional
One year	Rs. 2000	Rs. 2500
Two years	Rs. 2500	Rs. 4000

# Mode of payment-

• The amount may be deposited in the account number 30016445112 of GAYATRI PUBLICATIONS, SBI Rewa City Branch (IFS Code: SBIN 0004667, MICR Code 486002003). Please inform on Mobile (7974781746) after depositing money.

# Publisher Gayatri Publications

Rewa (M.P.)

# Printer Glory Offset Nagpur

# **Editorial Office**

186/1 Vindhya Vihar Colony Little Bambino's School Campus Rewa- 486001 (M.P.) Mob- 7974781746

E-mail- researchjournal97@gmail.com researchjournal.journal@gmail.com

# www.researchjournal.in

Opinions expressed in this journal do not reflect the policies or views of this organization, but of the individual contributors. The authors are solely responsible for the details and statements in their Research papers. The Judicial Jurisdiction will be Rewa (M.P.)

# **Editorial**

The basic and most important unit of the society has been the family from the beginning. For the empowerment and development of the country, first of all it is necessary to pay attention to the moral, social, economic and cultural dimensions of basic institutions like family. Balanced development of the family is very important for the development of the society. Therefore, if we want to have a complete and balanced development of the country, then we need to lay maximum emphasis on the basic institution called family. It is necessary that we should not make any discrimination between son and daughter in the family and we must explain this to our sons and get them involved in their activities. Even today, those who belong to the old belief believe that a woman cannot get any freedom, she cannot go anywhere alone, she cannot roam anywhere alone, but today's youth refuse to accept these values.

Some people also say that the importance of the walls in the house, the same importance is given to the education of the boys in the society. But how is a house made? Who are in the base of the house? The base of the house is our daughters, our girls, that means they are related to the roots. If our root becomes weak in the society, then our house or house cannot be strong at all. There is a need to understand this social context in reality.

The extent of favoritism is reached when we see discrimination in small tasks. Some people think that a girl is someone else's wealth, what job she should do. That's why some parents discriminate between boys and girls and this discrimination is visible somewhere in our behavior, in feeding and dressing. This is sheer injustice. God has given the same brain to boys and girls and today girls are proving it by bringing better results.

Girls stay at their parents' house for only a few days, so it is our duty to pay deep attention to their education, upbringing, only then we can fulfill the concept of a strong society. God has made us the trustee of our children so it is our duty to treat all members equally with full justice because both boys and girls have same power, same soul. So we should give them equal opportunities for development.

The basic objective of women empowerment is the development of women and communication of self-confidence in them. Women empowerment is important for the overall development of the society. Empowerment of women is the most important social phenomenon because they are the creators. If you empower them, make them strong, encourage them, it is better for the society. Women and men are the basis of creation and human society. Both complement each other. These are the wheels of the chariot of life by which the journey of life runs

smoothly. The role of both has been equally important for stability in family and society. The basis of change and development in a society depends on the mutual interaction of men and women, walking step by step and equal mobility of both. A chaotic situation is created in social life when any one side lags behind. The history of mankind is witness to this that where women have been neglected, the development of the society has been stunted. The role of women in creation of creation, education of children, upbringing of family is much more important than that of men, thus her position becomes central in the society. Therefore, without the progress of women, there can be no upliftment of mankind and society. As far as India is concerned "Yatra Naryastu Pujavante Ramante Tatra Devta" means where women are worshipped. The deities reside there. With this ideal any Indian woman can feel pride in comparison to the western woman. The ideal of learning in Saraswati, the ideal of wealth in Lakshmi, the ideal of valor in Durga, the ideal of purity in Ganga, even the ideal of creation in the form of Jagad Janani we find only in India.

> Professor Akhilesh Shukla Chief Editor

# **CONTENTS**

01.	Analysis of the concept of victim logy with special reference to domestic violence	09
	Akhilesh Shukla, Aanchal Shukla	
02.	Ecofeminism and Environmental Movements in India	17
02.	Rani Tyagi	1 /
03.	Socio-Economic Conditions of Elderly Women Slum	21
05.	Dwellers	
	Archana Mishra	
04.	Public Health and the Disputed Issue of Subsoil Water	26
	in Colonial Bombay City: 1860-1900	
	Madhu Kelkar	
05.	Rock Art of Keraha: A Critical Study	33
	Neha Singh	
	Pritam Kumar	
	Mahesh Chandra Srivastava	
06.	Socio-Economic Inequalities in Chhattisgarh	39
	Shashi Kiran Kujur	
	Upendra Kumar Sahu	
07.	The Study of Augmented Reality Advertising and	46
	growing trends in India	
	Rita Khatri	
08.	Drug Abuse and the Criminal Justice System	50
	Ajay Kumar Dwivedi	
09.	Theory of basic structure in reference to the	55
	amendment of the Indian constitution (An observation)	
	Om Dutt	
10.	A Comparative Study on The Anthropometrical	63
	Variable of Volleyball and Basketball Players of	
	Senior Secondary School	
11	Mohammad Muqarram	<b>(0</b>
11.	Effect of Anxiety and Achievement Motivation in	68
	Sports Performance	
12.	Alok Kumar Pandey	72
12.	Significance of projection  Mahammad Impan Khan	12
13.	Mohammed Imran Khan Tourist places in Meerut District: an over View	78
13.	Poonam Chaudhary	70
	· ·	
	Anchal	

14.	Give to All an Equal Liberty: A Study of Abolitionist Sentiments and Anti-Slavery Historiography in the Anti-Slavery Alphabet (1847)	85
	Anirban Guha Thakurta	
15.	Supplementary effect of methionine on the	94
	growth and survival Channa punctatus	
	Umesh Shukla	
16.	Random-amplified polymorphic DNA profiling of is	96
	olates from dung sample of camel for sorting out	
	distinct isolates	
	Shikha Tiwari	
<ul><li>17.</li><li>18.</li></ul>	Estimation of nitrogen fixation by different genera	100
	of Azotobacter and Azospirillum spand effect of	
	herbicides on nitrogen fixation of Azospirillum in	
	malate ediumunder laboratory conditions.	
	Vandna Krishna	106
	Duration of parental care received by fawns of	106
	Antilopecervicapra in captivity	
	Sonia Yadav	
19.	Raksha Modi	114
19.	Salinity tolerance on germination and growth of chickpea (cicer arietinum L.)	114
	Archana Tiwari	
	Archana Mishra	
20.	Serum sodium level in men and Women belonging	117
	to different blood groups	
	Umesh Shukla	
21	The Mystery of Maharaas, the Cosmic Dance	119
	Patel Nilaben Alpesh kumar, Yogesh Bhatt	
22	A New Dimension of Leadership: Ethical Leadership	124
	Parul C. Dave	
23	Impact of COVID - 19 Pandemic on Perceptions	128
	towards Physical and Mental Health	
	Bhavna L. Gajera	
24	New Education Policy in reference with Physical	131
	Education and Sports	
	Minaxi Masukhbhai Patel	

UGC Journal No. (Old) 40942, Peer- Reviewed Research Journal Impact Factor 5.125 (IIFS) ISSN 0973-3914 Vol.- 37, English Edition, Year-19, July - Dec. 2022

# Significance of projection

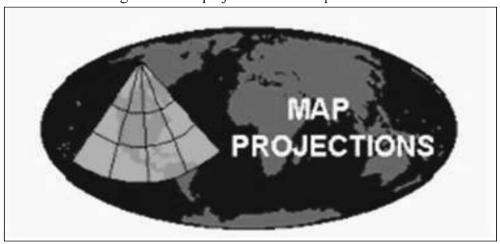
# • Mohammed Imran Khan

Abstract- As we live on the Planet earth It was very important for us to find the area of that Planet. Scholars knit a network of lines on earth to assess the area. Which we call the earth grid, wealso call it Projection, Meaning is earth grid & projection complements each other. The method of transferring latitude, longitude lines to a flat surface (paper) Is called projection study or research on earth is an important depiction of a territory of the earth. So project military science, DRDO, Geography, Geology is the most significant for NITI Aayog. Which I have launched in my research paper, I can give information to the common man By telling more useful and at the save time it is my effort to create new projection too.

# **Keywords-** *Map, Earth, Latitude, and Significance*

# Aim

- How can the entire world map be prepared by projection?
- Why is the study of the oblivion necessary and how its use and importance can be explained?
- Project is absolutely necessary to determine the time and situation of a country.
- How the significance of projection can be explained to the common man.



# Erwin Raisz,

A Projection can be defined as only orderly system of Parallel's and meridians

On which a map can be drawn.

<sup>•</sup> Assistant Professor Geography, Department of Geography, SBS Government P.G. College Pipariya, M.P., District Narmadapuram

The projection literally mean's showing the shape made on a transparent film

Or paper on the wall on cloth Screenwith the help of Light. Butthe figure made from the Grid Create by Geometry & Graphical Methodis called map projection.

# F. J. Monkhouse

A map projection is the representation of the earth parallels and meridian as a net organicule on a Planet surface. Therefore the ward's Projection and map projection have two sides of a coin.

A map or projection is some method of representing on a sheet of paper the lines of latitude and longitude of the Globe.

# (John Bygott)

# Previous -Work

In the Second Century after B.C. *morinus* first displayed places according to their latitude and longitude in one projection.

*Edrisi* -Created a rectangular projection in 1154 on the basis of which they made amap of world.

*Martin wald esemuller*-composed the earth similar to Bone projectionin 1507.

*Iretasthanease* -measured the circumference of the earth including(7) Latitude &7Longitude line. Change and amend these latitude and longitude, onthe basis of which he made a rectangular map.

Gnomonic Projection Produced by *Thales* was used for astronomer maps.

# Methodology

# Construction of map projection

Two methods are used for the Creation of the

Projection, which are as follows. "

Mathematical method (trigonometry)

Graphical Method

Mathematical method is used by trigonometry Formulas.

It is very important for the trigonometry to be known to the trigonometry ratio. Trigonometry literally means triangle measurement.

# Trigonometry Ratio

The sides of the right angle are a ratio in the sides this ratio is called triangular ratio. Formulas are used to find the length of the latitude circle in the mathematical methods

(A)  $2\pi r \cos -$ 

(B)  $2\pi r \text{ sign-co latitude angle}$ 

The three formulas are used in both

Graphical and mathematical methods

Which are as follows?

Radius of the earth

R=-----

Denominator of RF

Length of equator =  $2\pi r$ 

Distances between two attach longitude line =

 $2\pi r \times distance$   $2\pi r \cos \times distance$ 

-----, , ------

360° 360°

Here means

R=radius and the earth

RF=representation fraction

 $\pi = 22/7$ 

Distance means – interval given a question

Graphical method

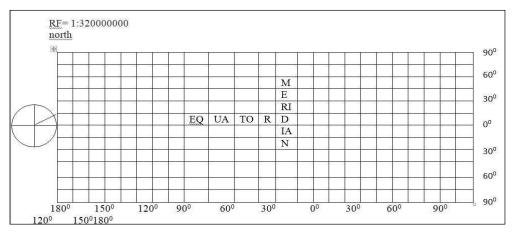
Graphical method is easier than mathematical method the above three formulas are also used in this method.

Draw a simple cylindrical projection with following statement

RF= 1:320000000 projection distance 15°

# Simple cylindrical projection

RF= 1:320000000



north

 $120^{\circ}$   $150^{\circ}180^{\circ}$ 

south

Diagram 1.1

Solution by graphical method (diagram 1.1)

Step first

Calculate radius

R = 635000000/3200000000

 $R = 1.98 \, cm$ 

Step second

Length of equator =  $2\pi r$ 

2\*22/7/1.98 = 12.43 cm

Step third

Distances between two attach longitude line =

 $2\pi r \times distance$ 

-----

 $360^{\circ}$ 

2\*22/7/1.98 \*15/360°

 $12.43 * 15/360^{\circ} = 0.51$ cm

Firstly, draw a circle 1.98 cm

Secondly circle divided 15°

Thirdly draw a graticule

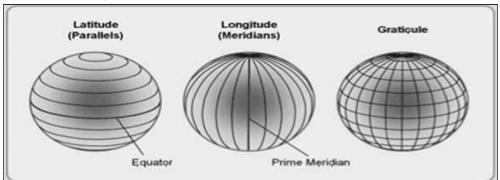
Thus, this projection is composed

**Observation-** The planet we live. in the shape of that planet is three dimensional this shape we call geoidbut Map interpolation is required to display the circular earth on flat paper. Only by projection we can latitude longitude line can lunch on the flat paper and surface. Therefore demarcation of the map is not possible without projection construction. Before the creation of the projection we also need to understand the meaning of the following words.

Which are as followers?

**Latitude** – latitudes are horizontal lines that measure distance north or south of the equator.

Longitudes- longitudes are vertical lines that measure east and west of the in Greenwich, England.

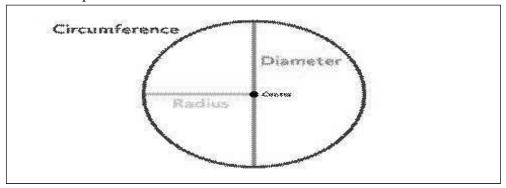


Together- latitude and longitude enable cartographers, and other to locate points our places on the globe.

Diameter- A diameter of a circle is any straight line segment that passes through the center of the circle and

Whose end points lie on the circle?

Radius – A radius of a circle or sphere is only of the line segment from its center to its perimeter.



**Circumference** – the circumference is the perimeter of a circle or ellipse.

**Zone**—the area between two successive parallels of latitudes.

Core – the area between two successive meridians of longitude

**Equator-** Is the imaginary line around the middle of the earth

**Meridian** – the prime meridian is the imaginary line drawn north to south at (Zero) 0°longitudes

After understanding the meaning of these words, we can easily build map projection.

The creation of a projection is also fixed based on latitudinal segments.

 $\underline{0^0-23.5^0}$  cylindrical projection is useful for the study of  $0^0$  to  $23.5^0$  north and south latitude area.

 $23.5^{\circ}$  -  $66.5^{\circ}$  conical projection is useful for the study of  $23.5^{\circ}$  66.5 north and south latitude area.

 $66.5^{\circ}$  -  $90^{\circ}$  gnomonic or zenithal projections are useful for the study of  $66.5^{\circ}$  to  $90^{\circ}$ 

north and south latitude area.

Here one more thing is necessary to understands that the shape of the projection is distorted when The distance from the equator increases.

Most of the projections made for fulfilling purpose are conical.

In the competition exam of upsc, psc, defense services, many question related to the projection are asked Projection is intensively studied by the scientist in search of new areas.

Weather map, storm, Cyclone, sea, current hazard has in significant role in map projection.

It is clear from all these facts that the projection has its own meaning.

This is essence of my research paper to clarify the importance.

# Conclusion-

The significant of Projection in my research paper has been the major point; we have many benefits by projection.

The area of any area of the earth can be easily understood by a projection.

The path of the air route especially from the projection is directed.

Rail route is displayed of from conical projection.

Therefore, there is a significant use of projection in the construction and road demonstration of

transport routes. It is clear from the above facts that projection for transport routes is absolutely necessary.

*Mollweide* projection is suitable for the distribution of population.

Indian weather map is presented on bone projection; the significance of projection is increasing day by day.

The projection provides important information to target the enemy country in war.

The interpolation is made from both graphical and mathematical method.

The study of the projection presents the latitude and longitude on the globe by intensive

Observation to each points of their net, Therefore, if The common man has to give information about time and distance in the world scenario, Then the use of the projection is very significant. We can see the progress of the country's economic development from the graph manufactured by projection.

# References-

- H.l. Yadav practical Geography Radha publication Delhi
- Jp Sharma practical Geography Rastogi publication Meerut
- Google wikipidiyahttp://en.m.wikipediya.org>wiki
- Geography(2010) Maheshwari Prof Deepak Sahitya Bhawan Agra